

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2022

ԱՆՔԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 4

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը Դուք ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: ***Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:***

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

1. Courtesy and hospitality are important when doing business in Egypt. The host of a business
2. meeting will usually offer tea or a small snack before commencing. It's polite to refuse the first
3. offer, but once the host insists, the guest should then accept.
4. Alcohol is legal, but should be avoided until visitors know their Egyptian colleague's attitude
5. towards drinking, and, if acceptable, should be drunk in moderation. It is not considered suitable
6. for women to over-indulge in alcohol. If invited to a business lunch, expect food to be lavish and
7. plentiful.
8. Throughout the Arab world, it is considered bad manners either to display anger or to openly
9. criticize another person in public. Tact and diplomacy are always required.
10. In social life, punctuality is almost laughable. For business, visitors should be on time but expect
11. locals to be often late, and do not take offence. Men should not offer to shake a woman's hand,
12. and vice versa, unless clearly invited to do so. Men and women should dress smartly for business
13. meetings – suits and tie for men; suit for women or smart trousers/skirt/jacket – and always dress
14. modestly. Shoulders and knees should never be shown.
15. On taking power in 1970, Anwar al-Sadat introduced a policy of *infitah* (openness) towards
16. investment. Egypt's economy underwent rapid growth during the 1970s with the quick expansion
17. of the oil industry, tourism and the Suez Canal, and it has continued to expand in subsequent
18. decades.
19. The tourist sector is expanding *rapidly*, particularly along the Red Sea and Mediterranean coasts,
20. despite sporadic terrorist activities of Islamic fundamentalists. Agriculture, which relies on
21. irrigation from the Nile, employs one-third of the working population. Foreign *aid*, especially
22. from the USA, is an important source of government funds.
23. There are internet cafés in the main cities, including Cairo, Alexandria, Dahab and Luxor. Even
24. small, more remote towns including Siwa will have at least one venue, usually in the market area.
25. Connection is usually reliable. Tourists can also access the Internet in hotels, with in-room Wi-Fi
26. available, though often at a costly price.
27. The Egyptian press is one of the most influential and widely read in the region, while Egyptian TV
28. and the film industry supply much of the Arab-speaking world with shows from its Media
29. Production City. Press freedom is encouraged. Press laws which allow *prison sentences* for libel
30. have encouraged self-censorship on sensitive issues.

1 Which sentence is correct according to the text?

- a) Alcohol is considered to be illegal.
- b) Women are not allowed to drink alcohol.
- c) Women can drink alcohol but only moderately.
- d) Foreign people shouldn't drink alcohol in any case.

2 At a business meeting in Egypt,

- a) it is bad manners to reject the first offer of the host.
- b) refusing food or drink is acceptable.
- c) tea will be offered when they reach a deal.
- d) it is bad manners to repeatedly reject the drinks or food offered.

3

According to the text throughout the Arab world

- a) diplomacy is sometimes required.
- b) local people are always on time.
- c) shaking hands is banned to women.
- d) foreign business people are required to be punctual.

4

Which word does NOT express the meaning of the word *rapidly* in line 19?

- a) quickly
- b) fast
- c) speedily
- d) cheerfully

5

Tourist sector in Egypt is developing

- a) in spite of the terrorist activists of Islamic Fundamentalists.
- b) very slowly because of Islamic Fundamentalists.
- c) only along the Mediterranean Coasts.
- d) due to the irrigation from the Nile.

6

Which word best expresses the meaning of the word *aid* in line 21?

- a) benefit
- b) help
- c) collaboration
- d) supply

7

According to Paragraph 7

- a) In-room Wi-Fi is not available.
- b) Internet connection in hotels is quite expensive.
- c) there is no Internet access in small towns.
- d) Internet connection is not reliable.

8

Internet cafes are very popular and you can find them

- a) not only in the main cities but also in the small remote towns.
- b) only in the markets
- c) in small towns
- d) only in the main cities like Cairo, Alexandria, etc.

9

In Egypt with regards to media

- a) people in Egypt don't read newspapers.
- b) press freedom is largely encouraged.
- c) there are no TV companies.
- d) journalists have their work strictly censored before it is published.

10

Which of the following corresponds to the meaning of the expression *prison sentences* in line 29?

- a) a text about a jail
- b) confinement in prison
- c) guilty of murder
- d) a sentence about the prison

II. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող ճիշտ տարբերակը
Choose the right option.

Two people (11)_____ seriously in a collision at the junction of Mill Road and Wrights Lane early yesterday morning.

Jackie Hill, 22, (12)_____ a yellow Nissan Cherry when she approached the junction and crashed into a delivery van coming out of Wrights Lane. She was on her way home from her job as a night nurse when the accident (13)_____. Now the driver of the van, William Stephens, 27, (14)_____ for head and back injuries.

According to city councilor David Wilkins, authorities (15)_____ put up traffic lights at the junction.

11

- a) injured
- b) had injured
- c) were injured
- d) have injured

12

- a) had driven
- b) drove
- c) is driving
- d) was driving

13

- a) had happened
- b) happens
- c) happened
- d) was happened

14

- a) will treat
- b) is being treated
- c) was treated
- d) has been treated

15

- a) will have to
- b) needn't
- c) ought
- d) mustn't

Lionel Messi was born in Argentina in 1987, but his family (16)_____ from Italy. When Messi was five, he started to play football for a team in Argentina. He was a good player, but when he was 11, he was very small, and he (17)_____ special hormones if he wanted to be bigger but his family (18)_____ to spend 900 dollars every month. His football club didn't have money either because the Argentinean economy had big problems. But the bosses of FC Barcelona knew about his talent, and they wanted to give money to Messi if he (19)_____ for FC Barcelona. So, Messi and his father started to live in Spain and he started to play for Barcelona's junior teams, and soon he started to play for Barcelona's first team and for Argentina too. For many people Lionel Messi is the best football player in the world. He is a very good person too. He is the best but he isn't a big star. He is a team player. Some people say that he is from another galaxy and when he plays, nobody (20)_____ stop him.

16

- a) has come
- b) will come
- c) comes
- d) is coming

17

- a) need
- b) needed
- c) needs
- d) will need

18

- a) was not able
- b) can't
- c) might not
- d) must not

19

- a) is playing
- b) plays
- c) will play
- d) played

20

- a) may
- b) can
- c) was able
- d) is able

The regional speech variations (21)_____ dialects. Most likely, American dialects evolved from the accents of the first British settlers. Every region of Britain (22)_____ a distinctly different accent, and when the British first came to America, those from the same regions tended to settle together. Later, when settlers from Britain and other countries (23) _____ to America, they adapted their speech patterns to those of the original British settlers. And, in some areas, large groups of settlers from non-English speaking countries (24) _____ American dialects.

21

- a) was called
- b) are called
- c) called
- d) is called

22

- a) would have
- b) have
- c) had
- d) is having

23

- a) have moved
- b) move
- c) were moving
- d) moved

24

- a) has influenced
- b) influenced
- c) influence
- d) influences

III. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող ճիշտ տարբերակը:

Choose the appropriate option.

25

When Jane came to Britain, she had to get used _____ on the left.

- a) to be driving
- b) driving
- c) to drive
- d) to driving

26

David said that it was _____ he had ever driven.

- a) one of the fastest cars
- b) a very fast car
- c) one of the most fast
- d) the most fastly car

27

“Where are you planning to spend your holiday?”

“To tell the truth, I haven’t got _____ on holiday at the moment.”

- a) enough money for go
- b) enough money to go
- c) money enough to go
- d) money enough for going

28

“Has Cathy any idea why the children are so strangely quiet? There is absolutely no noise.”

“Don’t worry. There is nothing dangerous. They are simply cutting some _____.”

- a) ten-pounds notes
- b) ten pound note
- c) a ten-pound note
- d) ten-pound notes

29

“Have you talked to Bob?” “We write to _____ every week.”

- a) each others
- b) one after another
- c) each other
- d) one after the other

30

If you are worried about the problem, you should do _____ it.

- a) something at
- b) something about
- c) anything for
- d) nothing against

31

“Will you attend the biology class today?”

“I _____ study history than biology.”

- a) would rather to
- b) would rather
- c) would prefer
- d) had better to

32

“Aren’t you ready yet? We have to be at the ferry dock at 06:00.”

“I will never make it. I am still dressed _____ my pajamas.”

- a) off
- b) in
- c) into
- d) up

33

“What can you tell us about Mark Twain?”

“Mark Twain is known _____ his stories about life on the Mississippi.”

- a) about
- b) with
- c) of
- d) for

34

“What do you know about Gandhi, George?”

“Gandhi was committed _____ nonviolence. He believed in it all of his life.

- a) to
- b) into
- c) onto
- d) in

35

“Have I come _____?”

“No, it’s quite all right.”

- a) such an early
- b) early so
- c) early quietly
- d) too early

36

“Why did you refuse to lend Ann money?”

“Because I didn’t want to risk _____.”

- a) losing it
- b) to lose it
- c) to lose them
- d) losing them

37

I can remember _____ very proud and happy when I graduated.

- a) I was being
- b) to be
- c) was I
- d) being

38

He’s a fast runner. I cannot run as fast _____.

- a) he can
- b) as him
- c) so he could
- d) than him

39

“I hate ironing shirts.”

“If you really do, why don’t you _____ at the laundry?”

- a) to have them ironed
- b) iron them
- c) have ironed them
- d) have them ironed

**IV. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:
Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.**

Christmas cards are a big (40) _____ in the English-speaking world. In 2017, people in Britain sent and received about 900 million cards. That's an average of about twelve cards for every person, from tiny babies to the (41) _____ grandparents.

The number of cards that are sent around Britain causes an annual headache for the postal service. Each year, the postal service has to take on seasonal staff to help with the extra mail, and postal sorting offices are (42) _____ to their maximum capacity and sometimes beyond it.

In the 1990s, the service handled about 1.6 billion cards (about 25 cards per person in Great Britain, including children!).

In spite of (43)_____ telling people to "Post Early for Christmas", few people get round to sending off their cards before December 10; and from that point on, the postal service (44)_____ down.

40

- a) traditions
- b) traditionally
- c) tradition
- d) traditional

41

- a) older
- b) old
- c) elderly
- d) oldest

42

- a) stretch
- b) stretched
- c) stretches
- d) unstretching

43

- a) advertise
- b) advertisement
- c) advertising
- d) advertisements

44

- a) slowing
- b) slow
- c) slows
- d) slowly

V. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Choose the right option.

- 45 Here is the CD _____ you asked me to bring.
- a) which
 - b) whom
 - c) where
 - d) what
- 46 Tobacco is bad for health, _____ many people all over the world continue to smoke it.
- a) so that
 - b) because
 - c) that
 - d) yet
- 47 _____ you take a mobile phone into the examination room, your teacher will punish you.
- a) Unless
 - b) Even if
 - c) If
 - d) Although
- 48 You should buy a good road map _____ you start your journey.
- a) while
 - b) after
 - c) ever since
 - d) before
- 49 Primitive people had many superstitions about the owl, _____ the strange sounds it makes.
- a) since
 - b) apart from
 - c) because of
 - d) because
- 50 Our students have to choose to study _____ French _____ Spanish, because they are the compulsory languages selected by the board.
- a) either...or
 - b) neither...nor
 - c) scarcely...and
 - d) whether....or

**VI. Ընտրել ուղղակի/անուղղակի խոսքի փոխակերպման ճիշտ տարբերակները:
Which of the options provided is the best choice for reported speech?**

51

1. *The manager asked what time the meeting would take place the next day.*
The manager said, "What time will the meeting take place tomorrow?"
2. *"When the doorbell rang, I was reading," says Suzan.*
Suzan told us she was reading when the doorbell rang.
3. *"I can't come. I am getting ready for my exam," he said.*
He said he couldn't come as he was getting ready for his exam.
4. *The teacher said to Andrew, "Are you sorry for what you did?"*
The teacher asked if Andrew was sorry for what had he done.
5. *"I wasted all my money last month," Rick said to George.*
Rick told George that he had wasted all his money the previous month.

52

1. *Peter said, "When do I have to take the book back?"*
Peter wondered when he has to take the book back.
2. *Tina said, "I will solve this problem tomorrow."*
Tina promises to solve that problem the next day.
3. *Andy asked Lucy to give him one more chance to prove it.*
Andy said, "Lucy must give me one more chance to prove it."
4. *"If you saw my father, you'd recognize him at once," she said to me.*
She told me that if I saw her father I'd recognize him at once.
5. *"Let's stay in till the rain has stopped," Jim said.*
Jim suggested staying in till the rain had stopped.

53

1. *"What about going to the cinema tomorrow?" she said.*
She asked if they will go to the cinema the following day.
2. *Jane offered to bring me some tea.*
Jane asked me, "Would you bring me some tea?"
3. *"I go to concerts with my friends," he says.*
He says that he goes to concerts with his friends.
4. *"Work hard if you want to succeed," the teacher said to us.*
The teacher warned to work hard if we want to succeed.
5. *"Who is your favorite singer?" Nancy asked Simon.*
Nancy asked Simon who his favorite singer was.

1. *Lora asked the painter which picture was the most famous one.*
Lora said to the painter, "Which picture is the most famous one?"
2. *"You'd better buy a new digital camera," said Mary.*
Mary advised me to buy a new digital camera.
3. *She says, "Mary looked at me with astonishment when I told her the news."*
She said that Mary had looked at her with astonishment when she told her the news.
4. *She asked, "Do you have anything in mind for dinner tonight?"*
She asked me whether I had something in my mind for dinner that night.
5. *He said, "Anita, did you check over the report yesterday?"*
He asked Anita if she had checked over the report the day before.

1. *Jonathan said he had returned the dictionary to the library the day before.*
Jonathan said, "I've returned the dictionary to the library yesterday."
2. *"I can't give an answer now. Can you phone me tomorrow?" David says.*
David says he can't give an answer now and asks if I can phone him tomorrow.
3. *Sandy said, "Where is Dan going? I don't want to stay alone."*
Sandy asked where Dan was going and added that she didn't want to stay alone.
4. *"Happy birthday, Roy!" said Dad.*
Dad congratulated Roy on his birthday.
5. *Daniel said, "My friend will help me mend the roof."*
Daniel said his friend would help him mend the roof.

VII. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):
Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

There are numerous _____ effects of stress. Stress can affect the heart. It can increase the pulse rate, make the heart miss beats, and can _____ high blood pressure. Stress can affect the respiratory system. It can lead to asthma. It can cause a person to breathe too fast, resulting in a loss of important carbon dioxide. Stress can affect the stomach. It can cause stomach aches and problems digesting food. These are only a few examples of the wide range of illnesses and _____ resulting from stress.

Emotions are also _____ affected by stress. People suffering from stress often feel anxious. They may have panic attacks. They may feel tired all the time. When people are under stress, they often _____ to little problems. For example, a normally gentle parent under a lot of stress at work may yell at a child for dropping a glass of juice. Stress can make people angry, moody, or nervous.

1. start, 2. symptoms, 3. differently, 4. physical, 5. easily, 6. overreact, 7. cause

**VIII. Ընտրել հարցական նախադասությունների ճիշտ տարբերակները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.**

57

1. Did you use to live in a house before you moved into this flat?
2. Did they make the enemy withdraw the troops from the city or not?
3. Coldrex is considered to reduce temperature or not?
4. Your brother's fond of westerns, hasn't he?
5. There's hardly any money left, is there?

58

1. Is Sarah considered to be the best player in your team?
2. Is it the second time you have taken this test, isn't it?
3. What do you do that is good for your mental health?
4. There's been a lot of snow recently, isn't there?
5. How many hours a day do the sportsmen have to train?

59

1. I am slenderer now than I was three years ago, aren't I?
2. Which University does your elder sister study at?
3. Is the church at the end of the street catholic or it isn't?
4. How do you get to school: by car or on foot?
5. He's been working in this company for six years, isn't he?

60

1. The body depends on food as its primary source of energy, isn't it?
2. Do you remember what did the lecturer say about early teachers?
3. Is Cambridge University as old as the University of Oxford?
4. How long had you studied English before you took the TOEFL test?
5. When are you planning to send the memo to the staff?

61

1. The twins cry all night, aren't they?
2. He had the kitchen knives sharpened, didn't he?
3. How did you like my new apartment?
4. Do you think was he surprised to see her in the hotel?
5. Has been Ted working for this corporation for two years?

**IX. Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները/մակբայները:
Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below.**

62

Oil prices soared above 9% on Monday, and they hit their highest level since 2008. The price of natural gas is closely linked _____ crude oil. The global benchmark of Brent crude hit 139 dollars a barrel on Monday. The record was reached in July 2008 for \$147.5 dollars a barrel; however, some analysts think that this record could be passed because _____ the geopolitical impact of the Ukraine crisis. The US and European allies of Ukraine are considering a ban _____ Russian oil; however, this would put pressure on oil and gas supply. Global oil prices have increased by 67% _____ the start of this year, and they increased fuel prices.

Analysts said that if most of Russia's oil stopped being sold, the world could be _____ 5 million barrels. That meant that oil prices could double 100 to 200 dollars a barrel.

1. on, 2. since, 3. out, 4. of, 5. in, 6. to, 7. without

**X. Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները, որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:
Choose the sentences with an odd word.**

63

1. The Prime Minister of Great Britain lives at No.10, the Downing Street.
2. Feathers keep birds warm and dry; they also enable them to fly.
3. Marriage customs differ greatly from society to the society.
4. Medical students must learn both the theory and the practice of medicine.
5. Dreams are commonly made up of either both visual and verbal images.

64

1. As soon as the doctor arrived, we felt immensely relieved because we knew that we could count on him.
2. I am not got used to wearing a hat and a scarf in winter.
3. The first rugs were made by the hand and the finest ones are still handmade.
4. Radio stations which broadcast only news first appeared in the 1970s.
5. At the beginning of May he was left for the United States.

65

1. In 1995, when Shakira was only nineteen years, she started her own charity, using the money she earned.
2. There is no question that Shakira is one of the most successful pop stars all in the world.
3. She has sold over sixty million albums worldwide and performed countless concert tours.
4. She has given millions of dollars to charity, especially to those that help children in living in poverty.
5. There's no doubt that Shakira's songs are listened to with great admiration.

66

1. In Russia in the 18th century, it was against the law for any man to wear a beard unless if he paid a special tax.
2. In the 17th-century Japan, it was against the law for any citizen to leave the country.
3. Anyone who was found leaving the country or arriving from overseas without permission was sentenced to death.
4. In Turkey in the 16th and 17th centuries, anyone caught drinking coffee was sentenced to the death.
5. In the San Salvador, drunk drivers can be punished by death.

67

1. It's surprising how much quickly people in the 19th century got used to travelling by train.
2. Lots of people give one to another presents at Christmas.
3. The hospital where you were born there closed down quite a while ago.
4. Mr. Brown was very angry about the mess the builders made in his house.
5. Isa begged from her nephew not to tell anybody about her decision.

**XI. Ընտրել կրավորական կառույցների ճիշտ տարբերակները:
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

68

1. The new calendar was not adopted uniformly across Europe until well into the 18th century.
2. Naturally Frederick hurt by her rude remark.
3. Two skyscrapers are being built in this district.
4. The nurse insisted on the patient's taking the medicine at once.
5. Reaching the town, they were raided by the police.

69

1. The indefinite article may be used with personal names to indicate one member of a family.
2. Nobody has ever treated me with such kindness.
3. Out ran a crowd of children, laughing and talking excitedly.
4. David was asked some tricky questions.
5. The last patient was being examined at that time.

70

1. The Latinized form of his surname, *Stradivarius* is often used to refer to his instruments.
2. In her white dress Sue might have been taken for twenty.
3. Something had gone wrong with the car brakes.
4. His partner wasn't told all the details of the incident.
5. His works highly appreciated by the critics.

71

1. David Beckham's fashion-forward haircuts and tattoos were closely observed in the British press.
2. He wasn't trusting by his friends as he often broke his promises.
3. Plums and apricots are strongly recommended to pregnant women.
4. My neighbor's garden is choked by weeds.
5. Stradivari's violins often used slightly smaller dimensions.

72

1. The world-famous American hard rock band *Guns N' Roses* was formed in 1985.
2. They were lost as the compass was broken.
3. You might have let me know you weren't coming.
4. A flying object had seen by a farmer working in a field.
5. Pineapples, lemons and dried figs are believed to be good for losing weight.

**XII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և նրանց սահմանումները:
Match the words and their definitions.**

73

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A) Bride | 1) a male friend |
| B) Bridegroom | 2) the child of your uncle or aunt |
| C) Nephew | 3) a woman who is getting married or who has just got married |
| D) Cousin | 4) a man on his wedding day or just before and after the event |
| | 5) a son of one's brother or sister |

74

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Impatient | 1) using physical force to hurt, damage, or kill someone or something |
| B) Talkative | 2) easily annoyed because of having to wait for something long |
| C) Tolerant | 3) fond of or given to talking |
| D) Violent | 4) able to accept what other people say or do even if you don't agree with it |
| | 5) filled with great emotion |

75

- | | |
|----------|---|
| A) Sweet | 1) very plain in style or appearance |
| B) Sour | 2) containing a lot of sugar |
| C) Spicy | 3) flavoured with salt, pepper, etc. |
| D) Mild | 4) having an acid taste like lemon or vinegar |
| | 5) not severe or strong |

76

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Flexible | 1) of undisputed origin and not a copy; genuine |
| B) Reliable | 2) good in quality or performance; able to be trusted |
| C) Predictable | 3) not likely to move or change |
| D) Authentic | 4) always behaving or occurring in the way expected |
| | 5) able to make changes or deal with a situation that is changing |

**XIII. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- | | |
|---|---|
| A) Whenever I intend to buy a dress or a shirt, | 1) therefore, she'll get soaked thoroughly. |
| B) My mother made sure to take her umbrella | 2) that they never find time to enjoy life. |
| C) It's a pity that there are some professions in which people work so hard | 3) in case it rained on her way to the grocery. |
| D) Should the governments of both countries fail to start negotiations soon | 4) I always end up buying none. |
| | 5) a war is highly likely to be the result. |
| | 6) Sue often accompanied me. |

78

- | | |
|---|---|
| A) Dinner's nearly ready. Can you lay | 1) coffee you made for me this morning. |
| B) There's some meat in the fridge. Just warm | 2) away the plates and bring the next course. |
| C) Keep an eye on the milk or it might boil | 3) done, but not burnt if you see what I mean. |
| D) Jack likes his steak rare but I prefer mine well | 4) the small table in the dining room? |
| | 5) it up in the microwave oven for a few minutes. |
| | 6) over and make a mess on the cooker. |

79

- | | |
|--|---|
| A) It is said that people who eat poorly are likely | 1) to go on a diet. |
| B) I'm getting really tired of | 2) on with lasers these days? |
| C) Did you know that you can have your eyes operated | 3) telling my dad to give up smoking. |
| D) Why don't you try | 4) to have health problems later in life. |
| | 5) losing a bit of weight. |
| | 6) going to the gym more often? |

80

- | | |
|---|--|
| A) We won't pay our suppliers | 1) he is pretty short-tempered. |
| B) Let's go out for dinner | 2) unless you're too tired, in which case we can stay at home. |
| C) Sorry I didn't call you. I would have called you | 3) if they don't send the goods before Friday. |
| D) He's usually pleasant, but when he's tired | 4) if I had had your number with me. |
| | 5) he simply has too much work to do. |
| | 6) I would do it as soon as possible. |